# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2021

H 4

## **HOUSE BILL 776**

# Committee Substitute Favorable 5/5/21 Senate Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 9/8/21 Fourth Edition Engrossed 9/22/21

Short Title: I	Remote Notarization/Gov't Transparency.	(Public)				
Sponsors:						
Referred to:						
	May 4, 2021					
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
AN ACT TO A	AN ACT TO ALLOW REMOTE ELECTRONIC NOTARIZATION AND TO STRENGTHEN					
	CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT BY INCREASING ACCESSIBILITY TO CERTAIN					
	ERSONNEL PERFORMANCE AND DISMISSAL RECORD					
	sembly of North Carolina enacts:	~.				
	<b>CTION 1.</b> Article 2 of Chapter 10B of the General Statutes is a	amended by adding				
a new Part to re	<u>-</u>					
	"Part 4A. Remote Electronic Notarization.					
" <u>§ 10B-134.</u> Re	eserved for future codification purposes.					
" <u>§ 10B-134.1.</u>	Definitions.					
In addition t	to the definitions provided in this Article, the following definitions	tions shall apply in				
this Part:						
<u>(1)</u>	Communication technology. – An electronic device, proceedings					
	allows a remote electronic notary and a remotely loc					
	communicate with each other simultaneously by sight	_				
	audiovisual technology and that makes reasonable ac					
(2)	remotely located principals with vision, hearing, or speech	-				
<u>(2)</u>	Communication technology recording. – The simultane	eous, synchronous				
(2)	audio and visual recording of a notarial act.	ala a 4laind namer an				
<u>(3)</u>	Credential analysis. – A process or service through which	- · ·				
	service performs a remote analysis of the characteristics and of the identification pursuant to G.S. 10B-3(22)a.	id security reatures				
<u>(4)</u>	Electronic journal. – A secure electronic record of notaria	l acts that contains				
<u>(+)</u>	the information required under G.S. 10B-134.15.	r acts that contains				
(5)	Identity proofing. — A process or service through which a th	aird party or service				
<u>(5)</u>	affirms the identity of a remotely located principal through					
	information from public or proprietary data sources.					
<u>(6)</u>	Remote electronic notarial certificate. – The portion of a n	otarized electronic				
<u> </u>	document that is completed by the remote electronic notar					
	of the following:					
	a. The remote electronic notary's electronic signatu	re and the remote				
	electronic notary's electronic seal.					
	b. The facts attested to by the remote electronic not	ary in a particular				
	notarization					



1 statement that a remotely located principal made the <u>c.</u> 2 acknowledgment, oath or affirmation, or verification or proof. 3 A statement that the notarization is a remote electronic notarization <u>d.</u> 4 performed using communication technology by a remote electronic 5 notary. 6 <u>e.</u> An attestation by the remote electronic notary that, at the time of the 7 remote electronic notarization, the remote electronic notary was 8 physically located in North Carolina and that the remote electronic 9 notary verified that the remotely located principal was physically located in North Carolina. 10 11 f. An acknowledgment or jurat certification identifying the North Carolina county where the remotely located principal was physically 12 13 located at the time of the remote electronic notarization. 14 Remote electronic notarization or remote electronic notarial act. – A notarial (7) act performed by means of communication technology. 15 Remote electronic notary public or remote electronic notary. – A notary public 16 (8) 17 who is registered with the Secretary to perform remote electronic notarizations. 18 19 Remotely located principal. – A principal who is not in the physical presence <u>(9)</u> 20 of the remote electronic notary. 21 (10)Third-party vendor. – Any person providing communication technology, 22 credential analysis, identity proofing, or custodial services to remote 23 electronic notaries. "§ 10B-134.2. Reserved for future codification purposes. 24 25 "§ 10B-134.3. Types of remote electronic notarial acts; prohibitions. 26 Upon registration with the Secretary under this Article, a remote electronic notary 27 may perform any of the notarial acts listed in G.S. 10B-115 by means of communication 28 technology in accordance with this Part. A remote electronic notary may perform any authorized 29 remote notarial act with respect to tangible records or electronic documents. 30 A remote electronic notary shall not perform a remote electronic notarial act if any of the following apply: 31 32 The remotely located principal is not physically located in this State. (1) 33 **(2)** The remotely located principal is not personally known to the remote 34 electronic notary or the remotely located principal's identity cannot be verified 35 under G.S. 10B-134.11. 36 Any reason set forth in G.S. 10B-20. (3) 37 Any reason set forth in G.S. 10B-134.9. (4) 38 Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a remote electronic notary shall not 39 perform any remote electronic notarial act with regard to any of the following documents: 40 A self-proved will executed pursuant to Article 4A of Chapter 31 of the <u>(1)</u> 41 General Statutes. 42 An advance directive for a natural death executed pursuant to Article 23 of (2) 43 Chapter 90 of the General Statutes. 44 A health care power of attorney executed pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 32A (3) 45 of the General Statutes. 46 (4) A revocable or irrevocable trust or any document amending the same. 47 A death beneficiary form that requires an acknowledgment. (5) 48 A durable power of attorney except a statutory limited power of attorney for (6) 49 real estate. 50 A codicil to a will. <u>(7)</u>

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Any document related to the renunciation of parental rights in an adoption.

- (9) Mail-in absentee ballots issued under Article 20 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes.
- (d) The prohibitions in subdivision (b)(1) of this section and subsection (c) of this section shall not apply when, at the time the remote electronic notarial act is performed, all of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The remotely located principal is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States or is the spouse of a member of the Armed Forces of the United States.
  - (2) The remotely located principal is located out of this State pursuant to military orders assigning the member of the Armed Forces of the United States to active duty outside this State for more than 120 days.
  - (3) The remotely located principal is physically located on the military installation or vessel named in the military orders.
- (e) No remotely notarized power of attorney may be used by the attorney-in-fact with any other remotely notarized document to convey title to, or transfer any interest in, a remotely located principal's real property. This subsection does not apply to powers of attorney executed by a remotely located principal under subsection (d) of this section.

"§ 10B-134.4. Reserved for future codification purposes.

#### "§ 10B-134.5. Use of communication technology.

- (a) The communication technology used by a remote electronic notary to perform remote electronic notarial acts for remotely located principals shall, making reasonable accommodations for remotely located principals with vision, hearing, or speech impairments, comply with all of the following requirements:
  - (1) Host the meeting between the remote electronic notary and the remotely located principal in real time.
  - (2) Allow direct interaction between the remotely located principal seeking the remote electronic notary's services and the remote electronic notary so that each can communicate simultaneously by sight and sound through an electronic device, process, or system.
  - (3) Include audio with sound clear enough that each participant in the remote electronic notarial act can hear and understand all other participants.
  - (4) Have sufficient quality to allow a clear and unobstructed visual observation of the face of each participant and any identification provided by the remotely located principal for a sufficient time to allow the remote electronic notary to verify the remotely located principal's identity under G.S. 10B-134.11. The remote electronic notary shall determine if the time is sufficient.
  - (5) Not include prerecorded video or audio or both.
  - (6) Be capable of recording by the communication technology's recording and storage services.
  - (7) Be capable of utilizing the IP address of the remotely located principal to corroborate that the remotely located principal is physically located in North Carolina.
- (b) The remote electronic notary shall take reasonable steps to provide that the communication technology used in a remote electronic notarization is secure from unauthorized interception. A remote electronic notary may select one or more tamper-evident technologies to perform remote electronic notarial acts with respect to electronic documents or to perform remote electronic notarizations. In addition to any requirements of this Article or established by the Secretary, the communication technology shall provide automated backup of the communication technology recording.
- (c) No person may require a remote electronic notary to perform any remote electronic notarial act using a communication technology the remote electronic notary has not selected.
- "§ 10B-134.6. Reserved for future codification purposes.

## "§ 10B-134.7. Authority to perform remote electronic notarial acts.

- (a) A remote electronic notary may perform a remote electronic notarial act authorized under this Article only while the remote electronic notary is physically located in this State.
- (b) Except as provided in G.S. 10B-134.3(d), a remote electronic notary physically located in this State may perform a remote electronic notarial act using communication technology only for a remotely located principal who is physically located in this State. The location of the remotely located principal shall be verified through one of the following methods:
  - (1) The remotely located principal's verification, by oath or affirmation to the remote electronic notary, of the North Carolina county in which the remotely located principal is physically located.
  - (2) The communication technology used for the remote electronic notarization reflects that the IP address being used by the remotely located principal is physically located in North Carolina.
- (c) A remote electronic notarization performed by a remote electronic notary of this State according to this Chapter is governed by the laws of this State.
- "§ 10B-134.8. Reserved for future codification purposes.

### "§ 10B-134.9. Requirements and procedures for remote electronic notarial acts.

- (a) All of the following shall occur prior to the performance of a remote electronic notarial act:
  - (1) The remote electronic notary shall inform the participants that North Carolina law requires that a communication technology recording be made of the remote electronic notarization.
  - (2) The remote electronic notary shall require the remotely located principal to demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the remote electronic notary, that the remotely located principal is not under duress and is not otherwise being coerced to complete the transaction.
  - (3) The remote electronic notary shall verify the identity of the remotely located principal as provided in G.S. 10B-134.11.
  - (4) The remotely located principal shall verbally state what documents are being signed for the notarial record or the general nature of the transaction.
  - (5) The location of the remotely located principal shall be verified in accordance with G.S. 10B-134.7(b).
- (b) <u>In addition to the prohibitions contained in G.S. 10B-134.3, a remote electronic notary shall refuse to perform a remote electronic notarial act if any of the following apply:</u>
  - (1) The remote electronic notary has reasonable grounds to believe the remotely located principal is acting under duress or is being coerced into completing the transaction.
  - (2) The remote electronic notary becomes aware that the communication technology is not secure.
  - (3) The electronic signature of the remotely located principal cannot be attached to the electronic document for signature.
  - (4) The remote electronic notary's electronic notarial certificate and seal cannot be attached to the electronic document using an electronic technology that renders any subsequent change or modification to the document evident.
- (c) If the notarial act is an oath or affirmation, the remote electronic notary shall administer the oath or affirmation to the remotely located principal using communication technology.
- (d) In judicial actions or proceedings when an oral oath or affirmation is administered to a witness that does not require notarization of a record or a notarial certificate and seal when done in person, any notary public registered with the Secretary, whether or not registered as a remote electronic notary, may administer that oath or affirmation while physically located in this

State to the remotely located witness using communication technology, provided that the notary satisfies all requirements of this Article relating to the identity proofing of the witness. The notary shall not be required to select the medium of communication technology or to retain a communication technology recording of the performance of each remote oral oath or affirmation.

- (e) Any failure of the remote electronic notary to comply with the requirements of the remote electronic notarization does not invalidate the notarial act or the electronic record that was notarized, but it does not prevent an aggrieved person from seeking to invalidate the record on other substantive grounds.
- (f) A remote electronic notary shall maintain the confidentiality of a remotely located principal's documents at all times.
- "§ 10B-134.10. Reserved for future codification purposes.

### "§ 10B-134.11. Verification of identity; identity proofing; credential analysis.

- (a) Prior to the remote electronic notarial act, the remote electronic notary shall cause to have each remotely located principal's identity verified through one of the following methods:
  - (1) The remote electronic notary's personal knowledge of the remotely located principal creating the electronic signature.
  - (2) All of the following:
    - a. Credential analysis, approved by the Secretary, of a current document issued by a federal, state, or federal- or state-recognized tribal government agency bearing the photographic image of the individual's face and either the signature or a physical description of the individual.
    - <u>b.</u> <u>Identity proofing approved by the Secretary.</u>
    - c. Comparison, by the remote electronic notary, of the current document issued by a federal, state, or federal- or state-recognized tribal government agency bearing the photographic image of the individual's face and either the signature or a physical description of the individual presented by the remotely located principal during credential analysis and the image of the remotely located principal via the communication technology.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a remote electronic notary may require the remotely located principal to provide additional information or identification credentials necessary to assure the remote electronic notary of the identity of the remotely located principal. "§ 10B-134.12. Reserved for future codification purposes.

# "§ 10B-134.13. Electronic notarization and remote electronic notarization.

When using an electronic notarization as well as conducting a remote electronic notarization, the remote electronic notary shall comply with the requirements of Article 1 of this Chapter. Each remote electronic notarization shall include a communication technology recording. There shall be no requirement that the communication technology recording further include any transactions other than the remote electronic notarial act unless the Secretary specifies a requirement to also record interactions of those particular transactions.

"§ 10B-134.14. Reserved for future codification purposes.

### "§ 10B-134.15. Electronic journal of remote electronic notarial acts.

- (a) A remote electronic notary who performs a remote electronic notarization shall enter information about the remote electronic notarization in an electronic journal. The electronic journal shall be the exclusive property of the remote electronic notary. The remote electronic notary shall not allow another person to make entries in the electronic journal.
- (b) At a minimum and for each remote electronic notarization, the remote electronic notary shall include the following information in the electronic journal:
  - (1) The date and time when the remote electronic notary observed the signing of the document by each remotely located principal and verified the remotely located principal's identity under G.S. 10B-134.11.

- **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2021 1 The date and time of the completion of the remote electronic notarial (2) 2 certificate. 3 The last and first name of each remotely located principal. (3) 4 The type of notarial act performed. (4) 5 **(5)** The type of document notarized or proceeding performed. 6 The type of identification presented, including, if applicable, the issuing (6) 7 agency and identification number on the identification presented. 8 The type of communication technology used during the remote electronic <u>(7)</u> 9 notarization. 10 Whether any other person was present with the remotely located principal at <u>(8)</u> 11 the time of signature and, if so, the name of that person. The fee, if any, charged by the remote electronic notary. 12 (9) A third party involved in a transaction that utilizes remote electronic notarization may 13 (c) 14 require additional information regarding that transaction be included in the electronic journal 15 kept by the remote electronic notary. 16 A remote electronic notary; guardian, conservator, or agent of a remote electronic (d) 17 notary; or a personal representative of a deceased remote electronic notary shall retain a 18 communication technology recording of the performance of each remote electronic notarial act 19 for 10 years after the performance of the notarial act. A remote electronic notary; guardian, 20 conservator, or agent of a remote electronic notary; or a personal representative of a deceased 21 remote electronic notary may, by written contract, engage a third party, including the 22 communication technology provider, to act as a depository to provide the storage required by this 23 section. The contract shall: 24 (1) Enable the remote electronic notary; guardian, conservator, or agent of a 25 remote electronic notary; or a personal representative of a deceased remote 26 electronic notary to comply with the retention requirements of this section 27 even if the contract is terminated; or 28 **(2)** Provide that the information will be transferred to the remote electronic 29 notary; guardian, conservator, or agent of a remote electronic notary; or a 30 personal representative of a deceased remote electronic notary if the contract 31 is terminated. 32 On resignation from, or the revocation or suspension of, a remote electronic notary's 33 commission, the remote electronic notary shall retain the electronic journal in accordance with 34 the requirements of this section and G.S. 10B-134.17. 35 A remote electronic notary may designate a steward, who must be a third-party vendor 36 approved by the Secretary in accordance with G.S. 10B-134.20, to do any of the following: 37 (1) Maintain the electronic journal and any backup copies thereof. 38 Retain a communication technology recording of the notarial act performed **(2)** 39 and any backup copies thereof. 40 Provide a method by which a remote electronic notary can do any of the (3) 41 following: 42 Access the electronic journal. <u>a.</u>
  - b. Access the communication technology recording.
  - c. Export the electronic journal.
  - <u>d.</u> Export the communication technology recording.
  - (g) A remote electronic notary shall designate a steward, who must be a third-party vendor approved by the Secretary, to receive and maintain the remote electronic notary's electronic journal and all other notarial records under this Article for the time period and in a manner as required by law or by rule adopted by the Secretary as follows:

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- **General Assembly Of North Carolina** 1 (1) 2 3 4 <u>(2)</u> 5 6 7 8 9 10 (a) 11 requirements: 12 (1) 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 <u>(2)</u> 20 21 22 23 24 25 **(3)** 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 (c) 35 36 37 Secretary. 38 (d) 39 40 41 following: 42 (1) 43 or vandalism. 44 (2) 45
  - Upon resignation, revocation, or expiration of a notary commission, the remote electronic notary shall deliver to the steward all notarial records required by statute or rule to the steward.
  - Upon the death or adjudication of incompetency of a current or former remote electronic notary, the remote electronic notary's personal representative or guardian or any other person knowingly in possession of the electronic journal and other notarial records shall transmit the same to the steward.
  - "§ 10B-134.16. Reserved for future codification purposes.

## "§ 10B-134.17. Security measures by notary; surrender of journal; etc.

- A remote electronic notary shall comply with all of the following security
  - All records of journal entries and communication technology recordings shall be securely stored in a repository under the control of the remote electronic notary or with a steward duly appointed under the terms of this Article. The steward may be a third-party vendor approved by the Secretary for handling, securely storing, or handling and securely storing the records of remote electronic notarizations with data protection safeguards consistent with generally accepted information security standards.
  - Take reasonable steps to ensure that the communication technology recordings are secure from interception from an unauthorized third party during transmission between participants involved in a remote electronic notarial act. The communication technology used by the remote electronic notary shall employ data protection safeguards consistent with generally accepted information security standards.
  - Retain the electronic journal and a backup copy of the electronic journal in a secure location for 10 years after the last notarization chronicled in the electronic journal. The same requirement applies if the remote electronic notary also maintained a tangible journal of remote electronic notarial acts. The notary may maintain an electronic journal in an electronic form in a permanent, tamper-evident electronic format.
- A remote electronic notary may surrender the electronic journal to the remote electronic notary's employer upon termination of employment, but the remote electronic notary shall also keep and maintain an accurate backup copy of the journal for 10 years.
- Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the notary shall not surrender or destroy the electronic journal or the communication technology recordings of remote electronic notarial acts except as required by a court order or as allowed under rules adopted by the
- Within 10 days of discovering any permanent loss of data, unauthorized use, loss of use, or compromise of security of the electronic journal or the communication technology recordings of remote electronic notarial acts, the remote electronic notary shall do all of the
  - Inform the appropriate law enforcement agency in the case of theft, tampering,
  - Notify the appropriate register of deeds and the Secretary in writing and signed in the official name in which the remote electronic notary was commissioned. The notice shall indicate whether there was any permanent loss of data, unauthorized use, loss of use, or compromise of security of the electronic journal or the communication technology recordings of remote electronic notarial acts.
- The failure of a remote electronic notary to produce within 30 days of the Department's request any record required by a rule adopted under this Article shall result in the

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suspension of the remote electronic notary's power to act as a notary under the provisions of this
Chapter until the Secretary reinstates the notary's commission.

"§ 10B-134.18. Reserved for future codification purposes.

#### "§ 10B-134.19. Security measures by Secretary.

- (a) The Secretary may establish guidelines for the secure storage of the electronic journal and communication technology recording associated with the remote electronic notarial acts that utilize standard encryption technologies such as Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) or Rivest-Shamir-Adleman (RSA) encryption.
- (b) The Secretary may establish, supplement, or amend third-party service guidelines for standards and processes for identity proofing and credential analysis services so that third-party vendors interacting with remote electronic notaries satisfy the security qualifications of establishing the identity of the remotely located principal.
- (c) The Secretary may establish standards and processes for the communication technology to allow real-time communications such that the participants can see and hear remote electronic notarial acts. The standards and processes shall ensure that the real-time communications are secure from unauthorized interception, access, or viewing. The Secretary may require that the communication technology used to perform remote electronic notarial acts is capable of all of the following:
  - (1) Provides for continuous, synchronous audiovisual feeds.
  - (2) Provides sufficient video resolution and audio clarity to enable the notary and the remotely located principal to see and speak with each other simultaneously through live, real-time transmission.
  - (3) Provides sufficient captured image resolution for credential analysis to be performed.
  - (4) <u>Includes a means of authentication that reasonably ensures only authorized parties have access to the communication technology and communication technology recordings.</u>
  - (5) Provides some manner of ensuring that the electronic record presented for electronic notarization is the same record electronically signed by the remotely located principal.
  - (6) Securely creating and storing or transmitting securely to be stored a communication technology recording of the communication technology recording, keeping confidential the questions asked as part of any identity proofing and the means and methods used to generate the credential analysis.
- (d) The Secretary may establish standards for tamper-evident technologies such that any subsequent change or modification to the record is self-evident.
- (e) A remote electronic notary shall use a communication technology provided by a third-party vendor that has presented evidence to the Secretary that the communication technology complies with the applicable industry standards for the industry in which it is to be utilized. At a minimum, the communication technology should provide reasonable security measures to prevent unauthorized access to:
  - (1) The live transmission of the remote electronic notarial act.
  - (2) Any communication technology recording of the remote electronic notarial act.
  - (3) The verification methods and credentials used to verify the identity of the remotely located principal.
  - (4) The electronic documents presented for remote electronic notarization.
- (f) The Secretary may adopt other rules necessary to ensure the integrity, security, and authenticity of remote electronic notarizations. In adopting other rules, the Secretary may impose other education requirements on remote electronic notaries, prescribe the manner of performing remote electronic notarial acts, and include provisions relating to the integrity and security of the

- <u>information</u>. In adopting, amending, or repealing a rule governing the performance of a remote electronic notarial act with respect to a remotely located principal, the Secretary may consider:
  - (1) The most recent standards promulgated by national standard-setting organizations and the National Association of Secretaries of State.
  - (2) Standards, practices, and customs of other jurisdictions that have laws substantially similar to this Article.
  - (3) The view of government officials and entities and other interested persons.
  - (4) The feedback of the advisory committee which may be created under this Article.
  - (5) What is in the best interest of the State as consistent with G.S. 10B-2. This may be accomplished when and if the Secretary chooses to create an advisory committee consisting of stakeholders from different sectors that may be technology providers, insurance agents, lenders, and other industries that are considered consumers of notarial services. All members of the advisory committee must be residents of this State. Members shall be appointed by the Secretary for a duration of time to be determined by the Secretary and may be removed from the advisory committee at the discretion of the Secretary. The advisory committee shall serve as advisors for the Secretary for purposes of ensuring that the requirements of G.S. 10B-2 are being satisfied. The advisory committee shall have no executive or rulemaking authority.
- (g) If the Secretary has established standards regarding technology to perform remote electronic notarial acts with respect to electronic documents or to perform remote electronic notarizations, the technology chosen by the remote electronic notary shall conform to those standards. If the Secretary has established standards under this Article for approval of communication technology, credential analysis, identity proofing, or custodial services to remote electronic notaries, the communication technology, credential analysis, identity proofing, or custodial services selected by the notary must conform to the standards.
- (h) In addition to adopting rules under this Part, the Secretary may adopt rules regarding performance of a remote electronic notarial act. The rules may:
  - (1) Prescribe the means of performing a remote electronic notarial act involving a remotely located principal using communication technology.
  - (2) Establish standards, processes, and procedures for communication technology, credential analysis, identity proofing, or custodial services.
  - (3) Establish requirements or procedures to approve third-party vendors.
  - (4) Establish standards and a period for the retention of a communication technology recording created under this Part for notarial acts for a period of no more than 10 years.

## "§ 10B-134.20. Standards for third-party vendors; liability.

- (a) Third-party vendors shall meet all standards established by the Secretary under G.S. 10B-134.19 for the provision of services to remote electronic notaries in this State. If the Secretary has not established standards for a service, a third-party vendor may not furnish that service to a remote electronic notary public until the Secretary has determined that the provided service meets security standards generally accepted within the industry for that service.
- (b) Third-party vendors are liable to any person who suffers damages from a remote electronic notarial act if all of the following apply:
  - (1) The damage is proximately caused by a service provided by the third-party vendor that failed to meet any standard under subsection (a) of this section.
  - (2) The person damaged was a party to, or in privity with a party to, the remote electronic notarial act proximately causing the damage.
- (c) Venue in any civil action brought under this Part shall not be controlled or established by a third-party vendor agreement or any other contractual arrangement with the remote

electronic notary or the remotely located principal as a party to the contractual arrangement. Any provision in a third-party vendor agreement that requires mandatory binding arbitration is void and unenforceable. For purposes of this subsection, "third-party vendor agreement" means an agreement between a third-party vendor and a remote electronic notary for the provision of communication technology, credential analysis, identity proofing, or custodial services.

### "§ 10B-134.21. Real estate transactions.

- (a) Nothing in this Part shall be construed to alter or supersede the law as set forth in Chapter 84 of the General Statutes, G.S. 10B-20(i) through (k), G.S. 75-1.1, or any opinion or ruling by a North Carolina court of competent jurisdiction or the North Carolina State Bar and pertaining to the unauthorized practice of law in this State, including the requirements that a licensed North Carolina attorney shall supervise a residential real estate closing under Authorized Practice Advisory Opinion 2002-1 issued by the North Carolina State Bar and perform any and all services defined as the practice of law for real property located in this State.
- (b) A remote electronic notary who is not a licensed North Carolina attorney is prohibited from rendering services or advice that constitutes the practice of law in this State.
- "§ 10B-134.22. Reserved for future codification purposes.
- "§ 10B-134.23. Reserved for future codification purposes.
- "§ 10B-134.24. Reserved for future codification purposes.
  - "§ 10B-134.25. Reserved for future codification purposes.
  - "§ 10B-134.26. Reserved for future codification purposes."

## **SECTION 2.(a)** G.S. 10B-2(6) reads as rewritten:

- "(6) To integrate procedures for traditional paper and electronic notarial acts.all of the following notarial acts:
  - <u>a.</u> <u>Traditional paper.</u>
  - b. Electronic notarization.
  - c. Remote electronic notarization."

#### **SECTION 2.(b)** G.S. 10B-101 reads as rewritten:

#### **"§ 10B-101. Definitions.**

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) "Electronic" means relating Electronic. Relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
- (2) "Electronic Document" means information Electronic document. Information that is created, generated, sent, communicated, received, or stored by electronic means.
- (3) "Electronic Notarial Act" and "Electronic Notarization" mean an Electronic notarial act and electronic notarization. An official act by an electronic notary public that involves electronic documents.
- (4) "Electronic Notary Public" and "Electronic Notary" mean a Electronic notary public and electronic notary. A notary public who has registered with the Secretary the capability of performing electronic notarial acts in conformance with this Article.
- (5) "Electronic Notary Seal" and "Electronic Seal" mean information Electronic notary seal and electronic seal. Information within a notarized electronic document that includes the notary's name, jurisdiction, and commission expiration date, and generally corresponds to data in notary seals used on paper documents.
- (6) "Electronic Signatures" means an Electronic signatures. An electronic symbol or process attached to or logically associated with an electronic document and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the document.

- "Notary's Electronic Signature" means those Notary's electronic signature. (7)1 2 Those forms of electronic signature which have been approved by the 3 Secretary as authorized in G.S. 10B-125, as an acceptable means for an electronic notary to affix the notary's official signature to an electronic record 4 5 that is being notarized. 6 Remote electronic notary public or remote electronic notary. – As defined in <u>(8)</u> 7 G.S. 10B-134.1." 8 **SECTION 2.(c)** G.S. 10B-105 reads as rewritten: 9 "§ 10B-105. Qualifications. 10 A person qualified for electronic notary registration or remote electronic notary (a) 11 registration shall meet all of the following requirements: 12 (1) Hold a valid commission as a notary public in the State of North Carolina. 13 Except as otherwise provided, abide by all the provisions of Article 1 of this (2) 14 Chapter. 15 (3) Satisfy the requirements of G.S. 10B-107. 16 (4) Submit an electronic registration form containing no significant misstatement 17 or omission of fact. 18 (b) The Secretary may deny a registration as an electronic notary or remote electronic 19 notary as authorized in G.S. 10B-5(d)." 20 **SECTION 2.(d)** G.S. 10B-106 reads as rewritten: 21 "§ 10B-106. Registration with the Secretary of State. 22 Before performing notarial acts electronically, electronically or remotely, a notary 23 shall register the capability to notarize electronically or remotely with the Secretary. 24 The term of registration as an electronic notary or remote electronic notary shall 25 coincide with the term of the notary's commission under Article 1 of this Chapter. 26 An electronic notary or remote electronic notary shall reregister the capability to 27 notarize electronically or remotely at the same time the notary applies for recommissioning under 28 the requirements of Article 1 of this Chapter. 29 An electronic form shall be used by an electronic notary or remote electronic notary 30 in registering with the Secretary and it shall include, at least all of the following: 31 The applicant's full legal name and the name to be used for commissioning, (1) 32 excluding nicknames. 33 (2) The state and county of commissioning of the registrant. 34 (3) The expiration date of the registrant's notary commission. 35 Proof of successful completion of the course of instruction on electronic (4) 36 notarization as required by this Article. 37 A description of the technology the registrant will use to create an electronic (5) 38 signature in performing official acts. 39 If the device used to create the registrant's electronic signature was issued or (6) 40 registered through a licensed certification authority, the name of that 41 authority, the source of the license, the starting and expiration dates of the 42 device's term of registration, and any revocations, annulments, or other 43 premature terminations of any registered device of the registrant that was due 44 to misuse or compromise of the device, with the date, cause, and nature of 45 each termination explained in detail.
  - The e-mail address of the registrant.

The information provided in a registration that relates to subdivision (7) of this section shall be considered confidential information and shall not be subject to disclosure under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, except as provided by rule.

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- (e) The electronic registration form for an electronic notary or remote electronic notary shall be transmitted electronically to the Secretary and shall include any decrypting instructions, codes, keys, or software that allow the registration to be read.
- (f) Within 10 business days after the change of any registration information required of an electronic notary, notary or remote electronic notary, the notary shall electronically transmit to the Secretary a notice of the change of information signed with the notary's official electronic signature."

### **SECTION 2.(e)** G.S. 10B-117 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 10B-117. Notarial components of electronic document.

In performing an electronic <u>or remote electronic</u> notarial act, all of the following components shall be attached to, or logically associated with, the electronic document by the electronic <u>notary</u>, <u>notary or remote electronic notary</u>, all of which shall be immediately perceptible and reproducible in the electronic record to which the notary's electronic signature is attached:

- (1) The notary's name, state, and county of commissioning exactly as stated on the commission issued by the Secretary; Secretary.
- (2) The words "Electronic Notary <u>Public"; Public" or "Remote Electronic Notary</u> Public Utilizing Communication Technology."
- (3) The words "State of North Carolina"; Carolina."
- (4) The expiration date of the <del>commission;</del>commission.
- (5) The notary's electronic signature; and signature.
- (6) The completed wording of one of the following notarial certificates:
  - a. Acknowledgment; Acknowledgment.
  - b. <del>Jurat:</del>Jurat.
  - c. Verification or <del>proof; or</del>proof.
  - d. Oath or affirmation."

**SECTION 3.** Article 2 of Chapter 10B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Part to read:

## "Part 7. Papering Out.

"§ 10B-160. Reserved for future codification purposes.

#### "§ 10B-161. Papering out of electronic records in tangible form.

- (a) A paper or tangible duplicate of an electronic document subject to electronic notarization shall be presumed to be a true and correct duplicate of the notarized electronic document if the electronic notarial certificate is affixed to the electronic document in compliance with G.S. 10B-117 and the electronic document has not been changed or modified since the affixation of the electronic notarial certificate.
- (b) If a custodian attests, in accordance with this section, that the electronic document with the electronic notarial certificate is a true and correct duplicate of the electronic document certification and such attestation is attached to or made a part of a paper or tangible duplicate of an electronic document, the attestation is prima facie evidence that the requirements of this section have been satisfied with respect to the paper or tangible duplicate of the electronic document. The custodian must attest that the electronic document is in a tamper-evident format and to at least all of the following:
  - (1) The capacity in which custodian has custody of the electronic document with the affixed electronic notarial certificate.
  - (2) The custodian detected no changes or errors in any electronic signature or other information in the electronic document since the affixation of the electronic notarial certificate.
  - (3) The custodian personally printed, or supervised the printing of, the electronic document onto paper or other tangible medium.
  - (4) The custodian has not made any changes or modifications to the electronic document since the affixation of the electronic notarial certificate to the paper

1		<u>or tan</u>	gible duplicate of the electronic document with the affixed electronic
2		<u>notari</u>	al certificate.
3	<u>(5)</u>	The	electronic document with the electronic notarial certificate is
4			wledged or sworn or affirmed before a notary public.
5	(c) An		nt with an attestation in accordance with this section shall be accepted
6			er of deeds under G.S. 161-14, provided all other statutory and locally
7	_	-	recording have been met.
8		-	is section, "custodian" shall mean a person with authorized custody of
9			with an affixed electronic notarial certification."
10			• G.S. 20-30(6), as amended by S.L. 2021-134, reads as rewritten:
11			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12	"(6)		ake a color photocopy or otherwise make a color reproduction of a
			s license, learner's permit, or special identification card, unless such
13			photocopy or other color reproduction was authorized by the
14			nissioner or is made to comply with G.S. 163-230.2. It shall be lawful to
15			a black and white photocopy of a drivers license, learner's permit, or
16		-	l identification card or otherwise make a black and white reproduction
17			drivers license, learner's permit, or special identification card. This
18		subdiv	vision does not apply to: (i) a to any of the following:
19		<u>a.</u>	A lender that is licensed or otherwise authorized to engage in the
20			lending business in this State; (ii) a-State.
21		<u>b.</u>	A licensed motor vehicle dealer creating, storing, or receiving, in the
22			ordinary course of business, a color image of a drivers license, learner's
23			permit, or special identification card of a borrower or loan applicant;
24			or (iii) a applicant.
25		<u>c.</u>	A federally insured depository institution or its affiliates creating,
26		_	storing, or receiving, in the ordinary course of business, a color image
27			of a drivers license, learner's permit, or special identification card of a
28			consumer.
29		<u>d.</u>	Performance of a remote notarization act under Part 4A of Article 2 of
30		<u>u.</u>	Chapter 10B of the General Statutes."
31	SE	CTION 5	(a) G.S. 126-23 reads as rewritten:
32			ords to be kept by State agencies open to inspection.
33			nent, agency, institution, commission and bureau of the State shall
34			h of its employees, showing the following information with respect to
35	each such emp		if of its employees, showing the following information with respect to
	-	•	
36	(1)		•
37	(2)	Age.	
38	(3)		of original employment or appointment to State service.
39	(4)		erms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written
40			l, past and current, to the extent that the agency has the written contract
41			ecord of the oral contract in its possession.
42	(5)		nt position.
43	(6)	Title.	
44	(7)		nt salary.
45	(8)		and amount of each increase or decrease in salary with that department,
46		agenc	y, institution, commission, or bureau.
47	(9)	Date a	and type of each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation,
48		or oth	ner change in position classification with that department, agency,
49		institu	ation, commission, or bureau.

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1		(10)	Date Subject to subsection (g) of this section, date and general description of
2			the reasons for each promotion of the following with that department, agency,
3			institution, commission, or bureau.bureau:
4			<u>a.</u> <u>Promotion.</u>
5			<u>b.</u> <u>Demotion.</u>
6			<u>c.</u> <u>Transfer.</u>
7			<ul><li><u>c.</u> Transfer.</li><li><u>d.</u> Suspension.</li></ul>
8			<ul><li><u>e.</u> Separation.</li><li><u>f.</u> Dismissal.</li></ul>
9			<u>f.</u> <u>Dismissal.</u>
10		(11)	Date and type of For each dismissal, suspension, or demotion dismissal for
11			disciplinary reasons taken by the department, agency, institution, commission,
12			or bureau. If the disciplinary action was a dismissal, bureau, a copy of the
13			written notice of the final decision of the head of the department setting forth
14			the specific acts or omissions that are the basis of the dismissal.
15		(12)	The office or station to which the employee is currently assigned.
16	•••		
17	<u>(f)</u>		ng in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any
18			rmation protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
19			110 Stat. 1936, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 104 Stat.
20			<u>licable law.</u>
21	<u>(g)</u>		following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision
22	(a)(10) of		
23		<u>(1)</u>	No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from
24			disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action
25		(2)	prohibited by applicable law."
26		<u>(2)</u>	The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension,
27			separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under
28			subsection (a) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period
29			to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final
30		~~~	decision being entered in that administrative appeals process."
31	W. (1)		<b>FION 5.(b)</b> G.S. 126-22(b) reads as rewritten:
32	"(b)	_	urposes of this Article the following definitions apply:
33		(1)	"Employee" means any current State employee, former State employee, or
34		(2)	applicant for State employment.employment subject to this Article.
35		(2)	"Employer" means any State department, university, division, bureau,
36			commission, council, or other agency subject to Article 7 of this Chapter.this
37			Article. The term "university" shall include all of the following, as defined in
38			G.S. 116-2:
39			a. The Board.
40			b. The Board of Trustees.
41			c. Chancellor.
42			d. Constituent institutions.
43		(2)	e. The President.
44 45		(3)	"Personnel file" means any employment-related or personal information
45			gathered by an employer or by the Office of State Human Resources.
46 47			Employment-related information contained in a personnel file includes information related to an individual's application salection promotion
47 48			information related to an individual's application, selection, promotion,
48 49			demotion, transfer, leave, salary, contract for employment, benefits,
49 50			suspension, performance evaluation, disciplinary actions, and termination.
30			Personal information contained in a personnel file includes an individual's

1		home address, social security number, medical history, personal financial
2		data, marital status, dependents, and beneficiaries.
3	(4)	"Record" means the personnel information that each employer is required to
4		maintain in accordance with G.S. 126-23."
5	SEC	CTION 6. G.S. 115C-320 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 115C-320. (	Certain records open to inspection.
7	(a) Each	n local board of education shall maintain a record of each of its employees,
8	showing the fol	lowing information with respect to each employee:
9	(1)	Name.
10	(2)	Age.
11	(3)	Date of original employment or appointment.
12	(4)	The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written
13	, ,	or oral, past and current, to the extent that the board has the written contract
14		or a record of the oral contract in its possession.
15	(5)	Current position.
16	(6)	Title.
17	(7)	Current salary.
18	(8)	Date and amount of each increase or decrease in salary with that local board
19	(0)	of education.
20	(9)	Date and type of each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation,
21	())	or other change in position classification with that local board of education.
22	(10)	
23	(10)	the reasons for each promotion of the following with that local board of
24		education: education:
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26		<ul><li><u>a.</u> <u>Promotion.</u></li><li>b. Demotion.</li></ul>
20 27		
		<ul><li><u>c.</u> Transfer.</li><li><u>d.</u> Suspension.</li></ul>
28		d. Suspension.
29		<ul><li>e. Separation.</li><li>f. Dismissal.</li></ul>
30	(1.1)	
31	(11)	
32		disciplinary reasons taken by the local board of education. If the disciplinary
33		action was a dismissal, education, a copy of the written notice of the final
34		decision of the local board education setting forth the specific acts or
35		omissions that are the basis of the dismissal.
36	(12)	The office or station to which the employee is currently assigned.
37	•••	
38		ning in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any
39		ormation protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
40		110 Stat. 1936, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 104 Stat.
41	327, or other ap	<del>-</del>
42		following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision
43	(a)(10) of this s	ection:
44	<u>(1)</u>	No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from
45		disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action
46		prohibited by applicable law."
47	<u>(2)</u>	The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension,
48		separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under
49		subsection (a) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period
50		to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final
51		decision being entered in that administrative appeals process."

## **SECTION 7.** G.S. 115D-28 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 115D-28. Certain records open to inspection.

- (a) Each board of trustees shall maintain a record of each of its employees, showing the following information with respect to each employee:
  - (1) Name.
  - (2) Age.
  - (3) Date of original employment or appointment.
  - (4) The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written or oral, past and current, to the extent that the board has the written contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession.
  - (5) Current position.
  - (6) Title.

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- (7) Current salary.
- (8) Date and amount of each increase or decrease in salary with that community college.
- (9) Date and type of each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other change in position classification with that community college.
- (10) Date Subject to subsection (e) of this section, date and general description of the reasons for each promotion of the following with that community college.college:
  - a. Promotion.
  - b. Demotion.
  - <u>c.</u> <u>Transfer.</u>
  - <u>d.</u> Suspension.
  - <u>e.</u> <u>Separation.</u>
  - f. Dismissal.
- (11) Date and type of For each dismissal, suspension, or demotion dismissal for disciplinary reasons taken by the community college. If the disciplinary action was a dismissal, college, a copy of the written notice of the final decision of the board of trustees setting forth the specific acts or omissions that are the basis of the dismissal.
- (12) The office or station to which the employee is currently assigned.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any confidential information protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), 110 Stat. 1936, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 104 Stat. 327, or other applicable law.

- (e) The following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision (a)(10) of this section:
  - (1) No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action prohibited by applicable law."
  - (2) The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under subsection (a) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final decision being entered in that administrative appeals process."

**SECTION 8.** G.S. 122C-158 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 122C-158. Privacy of personnel records.

. . .

(b) The following information with respect to each employee is a matter of public record:

1 beginning Beginning and ending dates, dates. (4) 2 <u>(5)</u> position title, Current position and title. 3 position descriptions, Position description. (6) 4 Current salary and total compensation of current and former positions; (7) 5 positions. For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "total compensation" 6 includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, and deferred and all other forms 7 of compensation paid by the employing entity. 8 the The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether (8) 9 written or oral, past and current, to the extent that the authority has the written contract or a record of the oral contract in its possession, possession. 10 11 (9) and date Date and type of the most recent each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, or other change in position classification. 12 13 Subject to subsection (e) of this section, date and general description of the <u>(10)</u> 14 reasons for each of the following with that public health authority: 15 Promotion. a. Demotion. 16 b. 17 Transfer. <u>c.</u> <u>d.</u> 18 Suspension. 19 Separation. <u>e.</u> 20 <u>f.</u> Dismissal. 21 (11)For each dismissal for disciplinary reasons taken by the public health 22 authority, a copy of the written notice of the final decision of the public health 23 authority setting forth the specific acts or omissions that are the basis of the 24 dismissal. 25 The office or station to which the employee is currently assigned. (12)26 (13)In addition, the following information with respect to each licensed medical provider employed by or having privileges to practice in a public health 27 facility shall be a matter of public record: educational history and 28 29 qualifications, date and jurisdiction or original and current licensure; and 30 information relating to medical board certifications or other qualifications of 31 medical specialists. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "total 32 compensation" includes pay, benefits, incentives, bonuses, and deferred and 33 all other forms of compensation paid by the employing entity. 34 35 Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any (d) 36 confidential information protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 37 1996 (HIPAA), 110 Stat. 1936, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 104 Stat. 38 327, or other applicable law. 39 The following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision (e) 40 (b)(10) of this section: 41 No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from (1) 42 disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action prohibited by applicable law." 43 44 The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, (2) 45 separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under subsection (b) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period 46 47 to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final

**SECTION 10.** G.S. 131E-257.2 reads as rewritten:

decision being entered in that administrative appeals process."

"§ 131E-257.2. Privacy of employee personnel records.

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- **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2021 1 (b) The following information with respect to each public hospital employee is a matter 2 of public record: 3 (1) Name. 4 (2) Age. 5 (3) Date of original employment. 6 Current position title. (4) 7 Date of the most recent and type for each promotion, demotion, transfer, (5) 8 suspension, separation or other change in position classification. 9 The office to which the employee is currently assigned. (6) 10 Subject to subsection (j) of this section, date and general description of the <u>(7)</u> 11 reasons for each of the following with that public hospital: 12 Promotion. 13 Demotion. b. Transfer. 14 <u>c.</u> 15 <u>d.</u> Suspension. Separation. 16 e. 17 Dismissal. 18 <u>(8)</u> For each dismissal for disciplinary reasons taken by the public hospital, a copy 19 of the written notice of the final decision of the public hospital setting forth 20 the specific acts or omissions that are the basis of the dismissal. 21 In addition, the following information with respect to For each licensed <u>(9)</u> 22 medical provider employed by or having privileges to practice in a public 23 hospital shall be a matter of public record: hospital, the following information: 24 educational history and qualifications, date and jurisdiction or original and 25 current licensure; and information relating to medical board certifications or 26 other qualifications of medical specialists. 27 28 Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any (i) 29 confidential information protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 30 1996 (HIPAA), 110 Stat. 1936, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 104 Stat. 327, or other applicable law. 31 The following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision (b)(7) 32 (<u>j</u>) 33 of this section: 34 No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from (1)
  - - disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action prohibited by applicable law."
    - The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, (2) separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under subsection (b) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final decision being entered in that administrative appeals process."

**SECTION 11.(a)** G.S. 153A-98 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 153A-98. Privacy of employee personnel records.

Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 132-6 or any other general law or local act concerning access to public records, personnel files of employees, former employees, or applicants for employment maintained by a county are subject to inspection and may be disclosed only as provided by this section. For purposes of this section, an employee's personnel file consists of any information in any form gathered by the county with respect to that employee and, by way of illustration but not limitation, relating to his application, selection or nonselection, performance, promotions, demotions, transfers, suspension and other disciplinary actions,

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**General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2021 evaluation forms, leave, salary, and termination of employment. As used in this section, 1 2 "employee" includes former employees of the county. 3 This section shall apply to all employees subject to G.S. 153A-103. (a1) 4 (b) The following information with respect to each county employee is a matter of public 5 record: 6 (1) Name. 7 (2) Age. 8 (3) Date of original employment or appointment to the county service. 9 The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written (4) 10 or oral, past and current, to the extent that the county has the written contract 11 or a record of the oral contract in its possession. 12 (5) Current position. 13 Title. (6) 14 (7) Current salary. 15 (8) Date and amount of each increase or decrease in salary with that county. (9) Date and type of each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation 16 17 or other change in position classification with that county. 18 (10)Date Subject to subsection (h) of this section, date and general description of 19 the reasons for each <del>promotion</del> of the following with that <del>county.</del>county: 20 Promotion. 21 b. Demotion. 22 Transfer. <u>c.</u> d. 23 Suspension. 24 <u>e.</u> Separation. 25 Dismissal. 26 (11)Date and type of For each dismissal, suspension, or demotion dismissal for 27 disciplinary reasons taken by the county. If the disciplinary action was a 28 dismissal, county, a copy of the written notice of the final decision of the 29 county setting forth the specific acts or omissions that are the basis of the 30 dismissal. The office to which the employee is currently assigned. 31 (12)32 33 Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any (g) 34 35 36 327, or other applicable law. 37 The following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision (h) 38 (b)(10) of this section: 39 No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from (1) 40 41

- confidential information protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), 110 Stat. 1936, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 104 Stat.
  - disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action prohibited by applicable law."
  - The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, (2) separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under subsection (b) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final decision being entered in that administrative appeals process."

**SECTION 11.(b)** G.S. 153A-99(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:
  - (1) "County employee" or "employee" means any person employed by a county or any department or program thereof that is supported, in whole or in part, by county funds; funds but shall not include employees subject to G.S. 153A-103.

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327, or other applicable law.

The following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision (h) (b)(10) of this section:

- No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from (1) disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action prohibited by applicable law."
- The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, **(2)** separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under subsection (b) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final decision being entered in that administrative appeals process."

1 **SECTION 13.** G.S. 162A-6.1 reads as rewritten: 2 "§ 162A-6.1. Privacy of employee personnel records. 3 4 (b) The following information with respect to each authority employee is a matter of 5 public record: 6 (1) Name. 7 (2) Age. 8 (3) Date of original employment or appointment to the service. 9 The terms of any contract by which the employee is employed whether written (4) or oral, past and current, to the extent that the authority has the written contract 10 11 or a record of the oral contract in its possession. Current position. 12 (5) 13 Title. (6) 14 (7) Current salary. 15 (8) Date and amount of each increase or decrease in salary with that authority. (9) Date and type of each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation, 16 17 or other change in position classification with that authority. 18 (10)Date Subject to subsection (j) of this section, date and general description of 19 the reasons for each <del>promotion</del> of the following with that <del>authority.</del>authority: 20 Promotion. 21 b. Demotion. 22 Transfer. <u>c.</u> 23 d. Suspension. 24 <u>e.</u> Separation. 25 Dismissal. 26 (11)Date and type of For each dismissal, suspension, or demotion dismissal for disciplinary reasons taken by the authority. If the disciplinary action was a 27 28 dismissal, authority, a copy of the written notice of the final decision of the 29 authority setting forth the specific acts or omissions that are the basis of the 30 dismissal. 31 (12)The office to which the employee is currently assigned. 32 33 Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any (i) 34 confidential information protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 35 1996 (HIPAA), 110 Stat. 1936, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), 104 Stat. 36 327, or other applicable law. 37 The following shall apply to the general descriptions as required by subdivision (i) 38 (b)(10) of this section: 39 No general description shall disclose information otherwise prohibited from (1) 40 disclosure by an applicable law but shall be listed as "description of action prohibited by applicable law." 41 42 The general description for each promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, (2) separation, or dismissal shall become part of the record maintained under 43 44 subsection (b) of this section upon the later of the expiration of the time period 45 to file an appeal under any applicable administrative appeals process or a final decision being entered in that administrative appeals process." 46 47 **SECTION 14.** No later than November 30, 2021, each employer affected by this act

shall adopt personnel policies to effectuate this act to permit all of its employees to challenge the

wording of the general description of any promotion, demotion, transfer, suspension, separation,

or dismissal occurring on or after December 1, 2021.

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**SECTION 15.** Sections 1 through 4 of this act become effective January 1, 2022. In order to implement remote notarization on the effective date of this act, the Secretary of State may begin rulemaking to implement Part 4A of Article 2 of Chapter 10B of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, prior to January 1, 2022, but no temporary or permanent rule shall become effective prior to January 1, 2022. Sections 5 through 14 of this act become effective December 1, 2021, and apply to promotions, demotions, transfers, suspensions, separations, and dismissals occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.